

Verso l'equazione di Schrödinger

- particella libera

approssimazione non relativistica: $E \simeq m_0 c^2 + \frac{p^2}{2m}$

$$\omega = \frac{E}{\hbar} = \frac{m_0 c^2}{\hbar} + \frac{\hbar k^2}{2m} \equiv \frac{m_0 c^2}{\hbar} + \omega' \quad (\omega' \ll m_0 c^2)$$

$$\Rightarrow \Psi(\mathbf{r}, t) = e^{-im_0 c^2 t / \hbar} \underbrace{\int d\mathbf{k} A(\mathbf{k}) e^{i(\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{r} - \omega' t)}}_{\Psi'(\mathbf{r}, t)}$$

$$\left(\nabla^2 - \frac{1}{c^2} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial t^2} \right) \Psi(\mathbf{r}, t) = e^{-im_0 c^2 t / \hbar} \underbrace{\frac{m_0^2 c^2}{\hbar^2}}_{\text{yellow}} \Psi'(\mathbf{r}, t)$$

ma anche

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(\nabla^2 - \frac{1}{c^2} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial t^2} \right) \Psi(\mathbf{r}, t) \\ &= e^{-im_0 c^2 t / \hbar} \left(\nabla^2 + \underbrace{\frac{m_0^2 c^2}{\hbar^2}}_{\text{yellow}} + \frac{2im_0}{\hbar} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} - \cancel{\frac{1}{c^2} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial t^2}} \right) \Psi'(\mathbf{r}, t) \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial t} + \frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \nabla^2 \right) \Psi(\mathbf{r}, t) = 0$$

velocità di fase: $v_f = \frac{\omega'}{k} = \frac{\hbar k}{2m} \neq v = \frac{\hbar k}{m}$

velocità di gruppo: $v_g = \frac{\partial \omega'}{\partial k} = \frac{\hbar k}{m} \equiv v$